The Clements Family of Cecil County, Maryland, 1661-1766

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Anders Clementsson, progenitor of the Cecil County Clements family, was described by Dr. Amandus Johnson as a soldier in New Sweden who had arrived on the Eagle in 1654. This is probably incorrect. It seems more likely to this writer that he was the son of Clement Jöransson, a Finn from Sunne parish, Värmland, Sweden, who was convicted for forest-burning in 1640 and sent to New Sweden for punishment in 1641.

The name of Anders Clementsson first appeared in New Sweden records on 18 Sept. 1654, when he made a purchase from the New Sweden commissary. In the following year, he was listed as a soldier at Fort Christina, making purchases from the company store from 14 April to 31 May 1655. After the surrender of New Sweden, the name of Anders Clementsson is found in 1658 as a co-worker with Johan Gustafsson, cutting wood for sale to the Dutch.

In 1661 Anders Clementson went to Maryland with his wife and his son Clement. On 29 July 1661, Andrew Clementson, described as Swedish and late of New Amstel, was granted denization by Maryland. Apparently, he was induced to return to the Delaware River, for in 1663 Andrew Clementson was again transported to Maryland with his wife and sons Clement and Andreas. Meanwhile, on 29 July 1662, "Clemerson," a tract of 400 acres on the south side of Elk River, near its mouth, was surveyed for Andrew Clemerson. On 6 June 1674, Andrew Clements,

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3 Jacob Joogh accounts, 59.
4 Von Elswick accounts, 30.
6 Maryland Land Patents, 4:552.
7 *Archives of Maryland*, 3:429-430.
8 Maryland Land Patents, 6:47.
9 1707 Cecil County Rent Roll.
described as a native of Sweden, was naturalized by Maryland. On 27 April 1677 Andrew Clementson served on an inquest jury in Cecil County. On 3 Feb. 1685/6 Andrew Clements, Sr., witnessed (by his mark) the will of Humphrey Nichols of Cecil County. On 30 July 1687 Andrew Clements and Henry Rigg appraised the estate of Humphrey Nichols.

On 11 October 1687, the will of Andrew Clementson was proved. The will, dated 30 July 1685 when he was in "good health," was witnessed by Richard Daggett, Gisbert Cox, Henry Rigg and others. It included the following provisions:

I give unto my dear and beloved wife Ingeborg Clementson two cows and two calves with their increase, one breeding mare with her increase, and one four-year-old steer.

I give unto my son Clement Clement one heifer, two years old.

I give all the rest of my [personal] estate equally to be divided, when all my debts shall be paid, among my wife and children, excepting my son Clement, who has already received his portion.

My dwelling plantation with all the land belonging to it, called "Clementson," being four hundred acres, I give unto my sons -

one hundred acres I give to my son Andrew
one hundred and fifty acres I give to my sons Cornelius and John
fifty acres apiece to my three youngest sons, Henry, Michael and Matthias, my dear wife to live peaceably [thereon] during her lifetime.

My son Andrew Clement I do ordain my sole executor.

The inventory of the estate of Andrew Clementson, taken by Gisbert Cox and Henry Rigg, dated April 1688, showed a personal estate of £65.3.2.

Andrew Clementson's widow Ingeborg remarried James Porter. From 10-13 March 1690/1 the Cecil County court was the scene of a three-day trial in a lawsuit by James Porter and his wife Ingeborg against Andrew Clementson Jr., the wife's stepson, which alleged that the executor had breached his duties to the detriment of Ingeborg and her five children by Andrew Clementson, Sr. The defendant, Andrew Clementson, Jr., won the case.

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10 Archives of Maryland, 2:400.
11 Archives of Maryland, 51:484.
12 Cecil County wills, 1:22-23.
14 Cecil County wills, 1:69.
16 Cecil County Judgments, 1:110-111.
Andrew Clementson had eight known sons and perhaps some daughters:

+ ACC-1. Clement Clements, born c. 1660, m. Margaret, d. c. 1695.
+ ACC-2. Andrew Clements, born c. 1662, m. Elizabeth, d. 1704.
+ ACC-4. Jacob Clements, m. Isabella, d. 1723.
+ ACC-5. John Clements, m. Mary, d. 1709.
+ ACC-6. Henry Clements, m. Sarah, d. 1709.
+ ACC-8. Matthias Clements, m. Eleanor, d. 1709.

Ingeborg, the widow of Anders Clementson, had six more children by her second husband, James Porter. All were baptized at St. Stephens Church. The records of that church wrote Ingeborg's name as "Junibar."  

JP-d. Margaret Porter, born 1 April 1694/5, married David Young, 7 Nov. 1714.
JP-2. Robert Porter, born 12 Oct. 1698, died 28 Sept. 1775, married Elizabeth [surname unknown], and had at least the following children:


James Porter of Cecil County wrote his will, 28 Feb. 1703 [1703/4] leaving to his wife the estate which belonged to her former husband [Anders Clementson] and to their "child" [unnamed] the rest of my entire estate. Presumably, the "child" was his eldest son, James Porter, then twelve years old.

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18 Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 37A:96.
24 Maryland wills, 3:274; *Maryland Calendar of Wills*, 3:45,
Second Generation

ACC-1. Clement Clements does not appear in any record subsequent to the will of his father, dated 1685. However, we learn from the 1707 Cecil County Rent Roll that in that year his widow Margaret Clements owned 100 acres of the tract called "Successor" on Little Elk Creek which was later inherited by her son Gabriel Clement.25 Thus, he was survived by at least the following:


ACC-2. Andrew Clements, second son and executor of his father's will, wrote his own will in Cecil County on 14 March 1703/4, witnessed by William Levering, Matthias Clements and Clement Barkston. After bequeathing some personalty to his brother Jacob, the will left his plantation and 100 acres to his son Andrew and named his brother Cornelius executor of the will and guardian of Andrew. The will also gave Didloe Casperson personalty and allowed him to remain on the plantation.26 No wife was mentioned in the will. The will was proved 7 May 1704. On 27 May 1704 Cornelius Clements filed his bond as executor with James Morgan and Christopher Hendrickson as sureties.27 Cornelius Clements filed an accounting for the estate on 12 May 1707,28 and a further accounting on 3 April 1710, which showed £52.11.7 had been received and paid out, including distribution to the orphan Andrew Clements.29

Andrew Clements and his wife Elizabeth [maiden name unknown] had one child, who was baptized at St. Stephens Church:


ACC-3. Cornelius Clements first appears as an adult in Cecil County records on 10 March 1695/6 when he sued Garret Murry in the county court.31 His two older brothers having died, Cornelius Clements was listed as owner of the 400-acre "Clementson" tract in the 1707 Cecil County Rent Roll. Cornelius Clements died intestate before 15 May 1714 when his nephew Andrew Clements (ACC-21) filed his bond as administrator of Cornelius' estate, with Garret Othoson and Michael Clements as sureties.32 On the same date, the inventory of his estate was filed.

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25 1707 Cecil County Rent Roll,
26 Maryland Provincial Wills, 3:257, as abstracted in Maryland Calendar of Wills, 3:42.
27 Cecil County orphan court bonds, 128.
28 Maryland Inventories and accounts, 27:168.
29 Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 31:53.
30 Peden, Early Anglican Church Records of Cecil County, 14.
31 Cecil County Judgments, 1:192.
32 Cecil County Orphan Court bonds, 190.
Taken by Gisbert Cox and J. Price, it showed personalty worth £47.18 and was approved by Andrew Clements, administrator, and Jacob Clements as next-of-kin.\(^33\) Andrew Clements, administrator, filed his account 23 April 1715, showing £40.7 had been received by the estate and £35.0.4 had been paid out.\(^34\)

The records of St. Stephens Church showed that Cornelius and his wife Junibar had one child baptized at that church:

+ ACC-31. Abraham Clements, baptized 18 Aug. 1697.\(^35\)

ACC-4. Jacob Clements, probably the first child of Ingeborg,\(^36\) received a bequest under the will of his brother Andrew Clements, dated 14 March 1703/4.\(^37\) The inventory of Thomas Kelton, 2 Sept. 1710, listed Jacob Clements as a debtor,\(^38\) as did the inventory of Edward Larramore, 16 May 1711.\(^39\) On 29 Dec. 1715, Gabriel Clements (ACC-11), son and heir of Clement Clementson (son and heir of Andrew Clementson) conveyed to Jacob Clements 50 acres of "Clementson."\(^40\) Jacob Clements, planter, and his wife Isabella conveyed this 50 acres to Thomas Rogers, cooper, and Peter Numbers, 12 March 1717.\(^41\) On 27 March 1717, Andrew Clements (ACC-11) wrote his will, leaving his entire estate to his uncle Jacob Clements.\(^42\) On 13 April 1717 Jacob Clements was confirmed as executor of Abraham Clements' will, with Thomas Severson and James Porter serving as his sureties.\(^43\)

Jacob Clements died before 15 April 1723, when the inventory of his estate was filed\(^44\) and Isabella Clements, his widow, was granted letters of administration for his estate, with Michael Clements serving as surety.\(^45\)

\(^{33}\) Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 36B:74.

\(^{34}\) Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 36:334.

\(^{35}\) Peden, Anglican Records, 24, gives the date 1 August. However, an earlier copy gave the date of 18 August.

\(^{36}\) His eldest child named a child Ingeborg. It is known that Andrew Clementson had five children by his second wife, Ingeborg, and no daughters have been identified.

\(^{37}\) Maryland Calendar of Wills, 3:42.

\(^{38}\) Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 31:429.

\(^{39}\) Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 32B:170.

\(^{40}\) Cecil County deeds, 3:4-7.

\(^{41}\) Cecil County deeds, 3:126-128.

\(^{42}\) Calendar of Maryland Wills, 4:100.

\(^{43}\) Cecil County Orphan Court bonds, 213.

\(^{44}\) Maryland Inventories, 8:260.

\(^{45}\) Cecil County Orphan Court bonds, 310.
Jacob and Isabella Clements had no children baptized at St. Stephens Church. However, they appear to be the parents of the following:

ACC-4a. Mary Clements, born c. 1703, who married Thomas Rogers by 12 March 1717/8 when Jacob and Isabella Clements conveyed their 50 acres of "Clementson" to Rogers and Peter Numbers.\(^{46}\) Earlier, on 14 March 1716/7, Thomas Rogers had acquired another 50 acres of "Clementson" from Michael and Elizabeth Clements.\(^{47}\) Cornelius and Isaac Clements witnessed the will of Thomas Rogers, dated 9 Oct. 1730.\(^{48}\) After a bequest of personality to his "cousin Mary," Thomas Rogers left his entire estate to his wife Mary (executrix) and her heirs. No Rogers children were baptized at St. Stephens. However, the inventory of the estate of Cornelius Clements, filed 20 Oct. 1735, included the name of Anaber [Ingelborg] Rogers as next-of-kin.\(^{49}\)

ACC-4b. Elizabeth Clements, born c. 1705, who married Thomas Severson c. 1723. (For continuation, see my study of the Severson family.)

+ ACC-41. Cornelius Clements, born c. 1707, died 1734.
+ ACC-42. Isaac Clements, born c. 1709, died 1744.

ACC-5. John Clements died intestate before 28 Nov. 1709 when administration of his estate was granted to his widow Mary Clements, with Thomas Cox serving as surety.\(^{50}\) The inventory of his estate, made by Robert Money and Thomas Cox, showing personality worth £25.15.9, was filed 20 July 1711, with his older brother Cornelius Clements listed as next-of-kin.\(^{51}\) The accounting of Mary Clements, administratrix of John Clements' estate, was filed 14 July 1711, showing £25.5.9 received and £16.13.11 paid out.\(^{52}\) The widow Mary Clements married John Rye, 9 Feb. 1710/1 at St. Stephens Church.\(^{53}\) Their son, William Rye, was born 10 August 1713.\(^{54}\) Her second husband, John Rye of the ponds, was buried 15 March 1714/5.\(^{55}\) On 30 May 1716 Mary Porter, now wife of James Porter [Jr.], filed her accounting for the estate of her former husband, John Rye.\(^{56}\)

\(^{46}\) Cecil County deeds, 3:126-128. Peter Numbers and Thomas Rogers divided this 50 acres on 12 Nov. 1724. Cecil County deeds, 4:121-122.
\(^{47}\) Cecil County deeds, 3:69-74.
\(^{48}\) Maryland Calendar of Wills, 7:13.
\(^{49}\) Maryland Inventories, 21:192.
\(^{50}\) Cecil County Orphan Court bonds, 156-157.
\(^{51}\) Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 33A:12.
\(^{52}\) Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 33A:13.
\(^{53}\) Peden, Anglican Records, 2.
\(^{54}\) Peden, Anglican Records, 17.
\(^{55}\) Peden, Anglican Records, 11.
\(^{56}\) Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 37A:96.
On 14 March 1716, Gabriel Clements (ACC-11) and his wife Sarah conveyed to James Porter, in trust for Anne Clements, minor daughter of John Clements, deceased, former husband of Mary, now wife of James Porter and mother of Anne, for 600 pounds of tobacco, 75 acres of "Clementson," adjoining Abraham Clements. The daughter, their only child, had been baptized at St. Stephens Church:

ACC-5a. Anne Clements, born 27 April 1707.

ACC-6. Henry Clements married, before 2 Jan. 1703/4, Sarah, the widow of John Hews. On that date, Sarah Hews, now wife of Henry Clements, filed her accounting of the estate of John Hews. Henry Clements died before 24 May 1709 when administration of his estate was granted to his widow, Sarah Clements, with Michael Clements and Thomas Severson serving as sureties. On the same date, Thomas Severson and Cornelius Clements filed their inventory of the personal estate of Henry Clements, valued at £32.11.5. Sarah Clements, as administratrix, filed her accounting, 19 June 1710, reporting that of the £32.11.5 collected, £8.2.6 had been paid out.

The widow Sarah Clements married, as her third husband, Garret Othoson, and on 14 March 1716/7 Gabriel Clements and his wife Sarah conveyed to Garret Othoson and his wife Sarah, for 500 pounds of tobacco, 50 acres of "Clementson" during the life of Sarah Othoson and, after her death, to Sarah Clements, daughter of Sarah by her prior husband, John Clements. The child had been baptized at St. Stephens:


ACC-7. Michael Clements and his brother Cornelius Clements were sureties on 20 March 1709 for Elinor Clements, administratrix of Matthias Clements. Michael Clements also was surety, 24 May 1709, for Sarah Clements, administratrix of Henry Clements. On 1 Nov. 1713 Michael Clements married Elizabeth Johnson at St.}

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57 Cecil County deeds, 3:141-143.
58 Peden, Anglican Records, 17.
59 Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 3:70.
60 Cecil County Orphans Court bonds, 157.
61 Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 32A:2; Cecil County inventories, 1:152-154.
62 Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 32A:45.
63 Cecil County deeds, 3:69-71.
64 Peden, Anglican Records, 17.
65 Cecil County Orphans Court bonds, 153.
66 Cecil County Orphans Court bonds, 159.
On 15 May 1714 Michael Clements served as surety for Andrew Clements, administrator of Cornelius Clements' estate.68

On 28 Dec. 1715, Gabriel Clements of Elk River, son and heir of Clement Clementson, son and heir of Andrew Clementson, conveyed to Michael Clements 50 acres of "Clementson."69 On 20 Feb. 1716/7, the same land was sold to Thomas Rogers for 5,000 pounds of tobacco by Michael Clements, planter, and his wife Elizabeth.70 On 15 April 1723 Michael served as surety for Isabella, administratrix of Jacob Clements.71 On 10 Aug. 1727 "Clement's Venture," 200 acres, was patented to Michael Clements,72 but he had previously sold the property, on 5 March 1725 [1725/6] to Robert Turnbull.73

ACC-8. Matthias Clements was married by 1703 to Eleanor [maiden name unknown]. On 21 June 1705 she witnessed a deed from Andrew Peterson to John Dowdell.74 On 12 October 1708, Matthias Clements and his wife Eleanor conveyed to Christopher Hendrickson 50 acres of "Clementson" which had been laid out for his father, Andrew Clementson. The purchase price was 2200 pounds of tobacco.75 Matthias Clements died before 20 March 1709 when Eleanor Clements was named administratrix of his estate, with Cornelius Clements and Michael Clements serving as sureties.76 The inventory of his estate, £10.7.0, by William Freeman and Thomas Cox, was filed 28 March 1709.77 The widow's account later reported that all of this money had been paid out to Ann Pennington and Sarah Clements.78

Matthias and Eleanor Clements had two children baptized at St. Stephens:

ACC-81. Matthias Clements, born 4 Jan. 1704.79
ACC-82. Andrew Clements, born 15 July 1707.80

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67 Peden, Anglican Records, 2.
68 Cecil County Orphans Court bonds, 190.
69 Cecil County deeds, 3:1-4.
70 Cecil County deeds, 3:71-74.
71 Cecil County Orphans Court bonds, 310.
73 1734 Cecil County Rent Roll, 393, reports that Michael Clements sold only 100 acres to Robert Turnbull. However, it also shows Robert Turnbull selling all 200 acres to Zebulon Hollingsworth, 18 April 1735. Hollingsworth lived at the head of Elk (Elk Landing).
74 Cecil County deeds, 1:455-459.
75 Cecil County deeds, 1:497-500.
76 Cecil County Orphans Court bonds, 152.
77 Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 30:330; Cecil County inventories, 1:148.
78 Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 30:337.
80 Peden, Anglican Records, 26.
By 1715, Gabriel Clements had married Sarah [surname unknown]. As son and heir of Clement Clementson, who had been son and heir of Andrew Clementson, it evolved upon Gabriel Clements to provide for the division of "Clementson," which Andrew Clements, Jr. (ACC-2), executor of his father's estate, had never made. On 28 Dec. 1715, Gabriel Clements and his wife Sarah of Elk River conveyed to Michael Clements, for valuable consideration, 50 acres of "Clementson." The deed described Gabriel as son and heir of Clement Clementson, deceased, who was son and heir of Abraham Clementson, original owner of the property.83 On 29 Dec. 1715, a similar deed was executed to Jacob Clements for another 50 acres of "Clementson."84 On 14 March 1716/7, Gabriel Clements and Sarah his wife conveyed another 50 acres of "Clementson" to Garret Othoson and his wife Sarah, for 500 pounds of tobacco, the land to be Sarah's during her life and after her death to go to Sarah Clements, her daughter by Henry Clements, deceased.85 Also on 14 March 1716/7, Gabriel and Sarah Clements executed a similar deed to James Porter for 75 acres of "Clementson" adjoining Abraham Clements, for 600 pounds of tobacco, to be held in trust for Anne Clements, daughter of John Clements and Mary, now wife of James Porter.86 On 5 Sept. 1717, Gabriel and Sarah Clements conveyed another 100 acres of "Clementson" to Andrew Clements (ACC-121) for 1500 pounds of tobacco, the land being described as adjoining Jacob Clements.87

On 18 Dec. 1720 Gabriel Clements and his wife Sarah sold their 85 acres of "Successor" to Henry Hollingsworth for £15.88 On the same date Henry Hollingsworth and his wife Lidia sold to Gabriel "Dear Hill," fifty acres on the west side of the west branch of Elk River, for £5.89

81 Cecil County Judgments, 4:147.
82 Cecil County deeds, 2:370-371.
83 Cecil County deeds, 3:1-4.
84 Cecil County deeds, 3:4-7.
85 Cecil County deeds, 3:69-71.
86 Cecil County deeds, 3:141-143.
87 Cecil County deeds, 3:78-80.
88 Cecil County deeds, 3:333-335.
89 Cecil County deeds, 3:330-333.
Gabriel Clements died intestate before 7 July 1733 when the inventory of his estate (£36.17.6) was filed by his widow and administratrix, Sarah Clements, with Jacob and Andrew Clements listed as next-of-kin. On 8 Dec. 1744 the land of Joseph Clements, orphan, now in the hands of Francis Bonner, guardian, was valued as worth 500 pounds of tobacco annual rent, but the structures were in need of repairs.

Gabriel and Sarah Clements had the following children baptized at St. Stephens Church:

ACC-114. Cornelius Clements, born 16 April 1732.

ACC-21. Andrew Clements, born 22 Dec. 1692, was appointed administrator of the estate of Cornelius Clements, 15 May 1714, with Garret Otheson and Michael Clements serving as sureties. The will of William Louring, dated 23 March 1716/7 named Andrew Clements as an heir. On 27 March 1717 Andrew Clements witnessed the will of his first cousin, Abraham Clements (ACC-31). On 5 Sept. 1717, his cousin Gabriel Clements (ACC-11) and wife Sarah confirmed to Andrew Clements 100 acres of "Clementson" [inherited by his father Andrew Clements, ACC-2] for 1500 pounds of tobacco. Andrew Clements, planter, sold the same to Peter Numbers for 5500 pounds of tobacco and 40 bushels of wheat, 3 October 1717.

Andrew Clements was married at St. Stephens Church, 20 Nov. 1718, to Catharine, the widow of Thomas Severson. She was much older than he was and it is unlikely that they had any children.

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90 Maryland Inventories, 13:369.
91 Cecil County deeds, 6:445.
92 Peden, Anglican Records, 34.
93 Cecil County Orphans Court bonds, 190. On the same date, he approved the inventory of the estate. Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 36N:74. He filed his final accounting, 23 April 1715. Maryland Inventories & Accounts, 36B:339.
94 Maryland Calendar of Wills, 4:99.
95 Maryland Calendar of Wills, 4:100.
96 Cecil County deeds, 3:78-80.
97 Cecil County deeds, 3:110-113.
98 Peden, Anglican Records, 2.
ACC-31. Abraham Clements, son of Cornelius Clements, was born in August 1697. He died unmarried and childless before 13 April 1717 when Jacob Clements was named administrator of his estate, with Thomas Severson and James Porter serving as sureties. The inventory of his estate, made by Thomas Severson and James Porter (£10.8.3) and signed by Jacob Clements, was filed 16 April 1717.

ACC-41. Cornelius Clements, born c. 1707, joined Isaac Clements in witnessing the will of Thomas Rogers, 9 Oct. 1730. By 1732 he had married Ann [maiden name unknown]. On 16 June 1733, Thomas Severson Sr., planter, for £57, conveyed to Cornelius Clements, planter, 82 acres, part from "Homely" purchased of David Rice and part from "Smokey Point" purchased from John Severson, such land being located on the east side of Elk River near the Sassafras River.

Cornelius Clements died before 20 Nov. 1734, when administration of his estate was granted to his widow Ann, with Garret Otheson and Thomas Kimber serving as sureties. The inventory of the estate of Cornelius Clements of Cecil County was filed 20 Oct. 1735 by his administratrix Ann Clements, with Isaac Clements (ACC-42) and Anaber Rogers signing as next of kin. The widow married Henry Pennington, 14 Dec. 1735. On 9 March 1736, Henry Pennington Jr., carpenter, and his wife Anne (late wife of Cornelius Clements) conveyed to Isaac Clements of Kent County, planter, for £20, the 82 acres purchased by Cornelius Clements from Thomas Severson.

Cornelius and Ann Clements had one daughter baptized at St. Stephens:

ACC-41a. Mary Clements, born 22 Jan. 1732/3. She never married. By her will of 20 May 1766, she bequeathed her land to her "cousin" Benjamin Severson, son of Ezekiel Severson [who was son of Thomas Severson, whose first wife Elizabeth was the apparent sister of Cornelius Clements, ACC-41.]
ACC-42. Isaac Clements, born c. 1709, joined Clement Clements in witnessing the will of Thomas Rogers of Cecil County, 9 Oct. 1730. On the inventory of the estate of Cornelius Clements, filed 20 Oct. 1735, listed Isaac Clements and Anaber Rogers as next-of-kin. On 9 March 1736 Henry Pennington, Jr., carpenter, and Anne his wife (late widow of Cornelius Clements) sold to Isaac Clements of Kent County, planter, for £20, 82 acres from "Homely" and "Smokey Point" which Cornelius Clements had previously purchased from Thomas Severson. Isaac Clements died before 4 June 1744 when the inventory of his estate by Benjamin Pearce and James Wroth (£50.1.7) was filed by Thomas Severson, administrator of his estate.

109 Maryland Calendar of Wills, 7:13.
110 Maryland Inventories, 21:192.
111 Cecil County deeds, 5:481-482.
112 Maryland Inventories, 29:321.
<table>
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<th>Name</th>
<th>Born</th>
<th>Died</th>
<th>Marr.</th>
<th>Spouse</th>
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<td>1714</td>
<td>c1695</td>
<td>Ingeborg, w/o Hendrick Hendrickson</td>
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<td>1723</td>
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<td>John Clements</td>
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<td>1709</td>
<td>c1707</td>
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<td>c1703</td>
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</table>

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